## ArtsWave Grant Writing Workshop Making "Cents" Out of Grant Writing: Financial Documentation and Budgets

## Let's Get FUNK-y!

- F File for your Federal Tax Identification Number and Tax Exempt Status and register with your State government officials
- U Understand the acronyms that identify your organization
- N <u>Never</u> be late in filing your taxes or reports
- K Know your financial documents

|  | File for your tax identification number (EIN): <u>www.irs.taxid-us.com</u>  |
|--|---|
|  | Apply for 501(c)3 tax-exempt status: <u>www.irs.gov</u>   |
|  | File with the Ohio Secretary of State: <u>www.sos.state.oh.us</u>   |
|  | File with the Ohio Attorney General: <a href="www.charitable.ohioago.gov/charity-registration">www.charitable.ohioago.gov/charity-registration</a>                                  |
|  | For government funding, file with <u>www.SAM.gov</u> to obtain your Unique Entity Identifier (UEI)  |
|  | For certain government funding, register at <a href="https://www.federal.famr.us/CAGE-code">www.federal.famr.us/CAGE-code</a> for your Commercial and Government Entity Code (CAGE) |
|  | File your annual federal tax return (990) with the IRS  |
|  | File annual reports with your state governmental agencies as required   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |
|  |   |

- Annual Operating Budget A statement of projected revenues and expenses over a twelve-month period. This is the entire picture of an organization versus the specific project budget.
- Income or Profit & Loss Statement Reflects actual revenues and expenses during a particular period.
- Balance Sheet or Statement of Financial Position A statement of the assets, liabilities, and capital of a business or other organization at a particular point in time. What you "own" versus what you "owe".
- Cash Flow Statement Provides aggregate data regarding all cash inflows and all cash outflows that pay for business activities and investments during a given period. The purpose of a cash flow statement is to provide a detailed picture of what happened to

a business's cash during a specified period, and demonstrates an organization's ability to operate in the short and long term.

- Financial Statement Audit The examination of an entity's financial statements and accompanying disclosures by an independent auditor. Typically asked for by a grantor when applying organization meets a certain budget size or when government funding is involved.
- Fiscal Agent A fiscal agent, fiscal sponsor, or financial agent is a proxy that manages financial matters on behalf of another party; If using a fiscal agent, be prepared to provide their EIN and a copy of your contractual arrangement with them, as well as any additional financial or support documents requested. A fiscal agency and fiscal sponsorship both represent an arrangement between your entity and a nonprofit organization with 501(c)(3) tax-exempt status. However, with a sponsorship, fiscal control over a project lies with the sponsor and the arrangement must meet IRS criteria to be viable. Conversely, with a fiscal agent, the project control lies with the entity applying for the grant. The important distinction between a fiscal sponsorship and a fiscal agency arrangement is that funds contributed to a non-exempt project that has a fiscal sponsor are tax-deductible to the donor and those that are contributed to a project with a fiscal agent are not.

## Writing a Project Budget

## Be sure to:

- √ Verify eligibility criteria and review all guidelines for the grant
- ✓ Be specific about how the grant funds will be spent.
- ✓ Complete the budget template provided making certain that it is balanced
- List all current and pending sources of funding and anticipated expenses
- ✓ Include in-kind and/or volunteer revenue at a current rate specified for their compensation

(https://independentsector.org/resource/value-of-volunteer-time/)

- Pay participating individuals at the professional rate of the specific discipline
   (e.g. search for average hourly wage for artists)
- ✓ Double check your math

| PROJECT REVENUE/SUPPORT  | Budgeted | Actual |
|--|----------|--------|
| ArtsWave   |          |        |
| (Should equal requested grant amount.)   |          |        |
| Corporate/Foundation   |          |        |
| Government   |          |        |
| Individual   |          |        |
| Other Contributed Income   |          |        |
| Earned Revenue<br>(Admissions, Memberships, Contract, Special Events)                    |          |        |
| Other Revenue/Support (In-kind, Volunteer labor, or Donated goods/services, for example) |          |        |
| TOTAL REVENUE/SUPPORT  | \$0.00   | \$0.00 |
| PROGRAM EXPENSES   | Budgeted | Actual |
| Total Direct Program Costs   | \$0.00   | \$0.00 |
| 1. Artist or production fees   |          |        |
| <ol><li>Program staff salary support for the project only</li></ol>                      |          |        |
| <ol><li>Consultants for the project only</li></ol>                                       |          |        |
| 4. Training/professional development for project   |          |        |
| 5. Materials and supplies  |          |        |
| 6. Advertising   |          |        |
| 7. Digital tools and technology  |          |        |
| 8. Cultural facilities   |          |        |
| 9. Other   |          |        |
| Total Indirect Salaries & Benefits   | \$0.00   | \$0.00 |
| 1. Administrative Costs  |          |        |
| 2. Operating Costs   |          |        |
| TOTAL PROGRAM EXPENSES   | \$0.00   | \$0.00 |
| TOTAL PROGRAM SURPLUS/DEFICIT  | \$0.00   | \$0.00 |